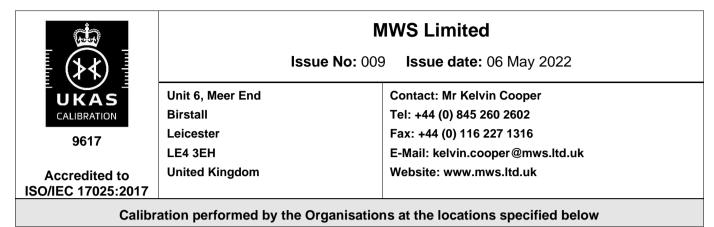
Schedule of Accreditation

issued by

United Kingdom Accreditation Service

2 Pine Trees, Chertsey Lane, Staines-upon-Thames, TW18 3HR, UK



Locations covered by the organisation and their relevant activities

Laboratory locations:

Location details		Activity	Location code
Address Unit 6, Meer End Birstall Leicester LE4 3EH United Kingdom	Local contact Mr Kelvin Cooper	Calibration of Non Automatic Weighing Machine	Ρ

Site activities performed away from the locations listed above:

Location details	Activity	Location code
At Customers Premises	Calibration of Non Automatic Weighing Machine	S
The customers' site or premises must be suitable for the nature of the particular		
calibrationsundertaken and will be the subject of contract review arrangements		
between the laboratory and the customer.		



Accredited to

ISO/IEC 17025:2017

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MWS Limited

Issue No: 009

Sue No: 009 **Issue date:** 06 May 2022

Calibration performed by the Organisation at the locations specified

Calibration and Measurement Capability (CMC)

Measured Quantity Instrument or Gauge	Range	Expanded Measurement Uncertainty (<i>k</i> = 2)	Remarks	Location Code
WEIGHING INSTRUMENTS				
Electronic digital one pan non- automatic weighing	200 mg 500 mg	0.011 mg 0.012 mg	1. Weights are available in OIML Class:	S
	1 g 2 g 5 g	0.015 mg 0.020 mg 0.027 mg	 E2 from 1 mg to 200 g. Max. grouped load 500 g. F1 from 50 mg to 10 kg, Max. grouped load 71 kg M1 from 5 kg to 20 kg. Max grouped load 1,500 kg. 2. Other loads within the overall listed range may also be used. 3. Method based on the 	
	10 g 20 g 50 g	0.033 mg 0.047 mg 0.077 mg		
	100 g 200 g 500 g	0.14 mg 0.28 mg 0.69 mg		
	1 kg 2 kg 5 kg	1.9 mg 3.8 mg 9.6 mg		
	6 kg 10 kg 20 kg	11 mg 19 mg 38 mg	requirements of Euramet guide cg-18	
	35 kg 50 kg 64 kg	67 mg 96 mg 130 mg		
	100 kg 200 kg 500 kg 600 kg	1.5 g 3.1 g 7.7 g 15 g		
	1,000 kg 1,200 kg 1,500 kg	25 g 30 g 38 g		
	I	END		<u>.</u>



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Appendix - Calibration and Measurement Capabilities

Introduction

The definitive statement of the accreditation status of a calibration laboratory is the Accreditation Certificate and the associated Schedule of Accreditation. This Schedule of Accreditation is a critical document, as it defines the measurement capabilities, ranges and boundaries of the calibration activities for which the organisation holds accreditation.

Calibration and Measurement Capabilities (CMCs)

The capabilities provided by accredited calibration laboratories are described by the Calibration and Measurement Capability (CMC), which expresses the lowest measurement uncertainty that can be achieved during a calibration. If a particular device under calibration itself contributes significantly to the uncertainty (for example, if it has limited resolution or exhibits significant non-repeatability) then the uncertainty quoted on a calibration certificate will be increased to account for such factors.

The CMC is normally used to describe the uncertainty that appears in an accredited calibration laboratory's schedule of accreditation and is the uncertainty for which the laboratory has been accredited using the procedure that was the subject of assessment. The measurement uncertainty is calculated according to the procedures given in the GUM and is normally stated as an expanded uncertainty at a coverage probability of 95 %, which usually requires the use of a coverage factor of k = 2. An accredited laboratory is not permitted to quote an uncertainty that is smaller than the published measurement uncertainty in certificates issued under its accreditation.

Expression of CMCs - symbols and units

It should be noted that the percentage symbol (%) represents the number 0.01. In cases where the measurement uncertainty is stated as a percentage, this is to be interpreted as meaning percentage of the measurand. Thus, for example, a measurement uncertainty of 1.5 % means $1.5 \times 0.01 \times q$, where *q* is the quantity value.

The notation Q[a, b] stands for the root-sum-square of the terms between brackets: Q[a, b] = $[a^2 + b^2]^{1/2}$